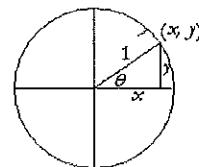


Exam Review– Unit Circle & Equations
Algebra 2

Name Key 2013-14

Hour _____ Date _____

Unit Circle – has a radius = 1 and a center at (0,0)
with terminal side ending at the point (x,y) .



1. List the 6 trig ratios for the unit circle in terms of x and y.

$$\cos = x$$

$$\sec = \text{flip cos}$$

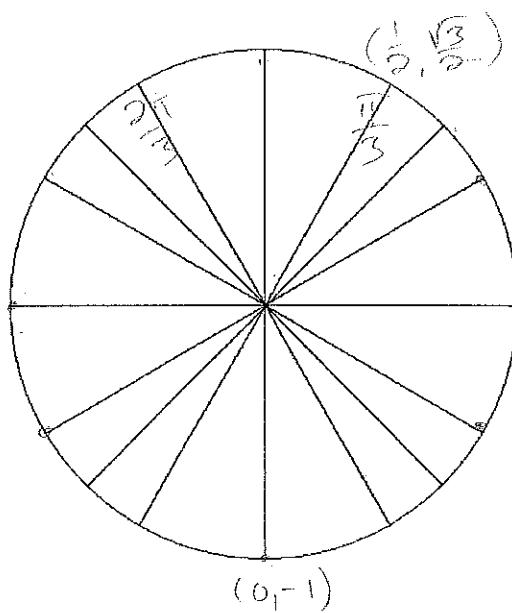
$$\sin = y$$

$$\csc = \text{flip sin}$$

$$\tan = \frac{y}{x}$$

$$\cot = \frac{x}{y}$$

2. Label the coordinates of the points on the unit circle below. (Assume multiples of 30° & 45° on the unit circle):



3. List the 6 trig ratios for each of the following angle measures:

$$a. \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$b. \frac{2\pi}{3}$$

$$c. 270^\circ$$

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{2} \quad \sec \frac{\pi}{3} = 2$$

$$\cos \frac{2\pi}{3} = -\frac{1}{2} \quad \sec \frac{2\pi}{3} = -2$$

$$\cos 270^\circ = 0 \quad \sec 270^\circ \text{ undefined}$$

$$\sin \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad \csc \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\sin \frac{2\pi}{3} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \quad \csc \frac{2\pi}{3} = -\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\sin 270^\circ = -1 \quad \csc 270^\circ = -1$$

$$\tan \frac{\pi}{3} = \sqrt{3} \quad \cot \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\tan \frac{2\pi}{3} = -\sqrt{3} \quad \cot \frac{2\pi}{3} = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$$

$$\tan 270^\circ \text{ undefined} \quad \cot 270^\circ = 0$$

4. We can also "go backwards". We can solve for an angle when we know the trig ratio. It is important to know ASTC! Give answers in degrees & radians.

a. $\sin \theta = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

b. $\cos \theta = -1$

$$\theta = 225^\circ, 315^\circ$$

or or

$$\frac{5\pi}{4}, \frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$\theta = 180^\circ$$

or

$$\pi$$

5. Some equations may involve some algebra before solving. Solve each of the equations below. Give answers in degrees and radians.

a. $2 \sin \theta + 1 = 0$

$$\sin \theta = -\frac{1}{2}$$

b. $2 \cos \theta - \sqrt{3} = 0$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\theta = 210^\circ, 330^\circ$$

or or

$$\frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$

$$\theta = 30^\circ, 330^\circ$$

or or

$$\frac{\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$$