

Midterm Review - Chapter 7  
 Class Review  
 Honors Algebra 2

A check sols.  
 to your log  
 equations!

Name Key 2014-15

Hour \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each equation.

Together:

1.  $25^{x-4} = 5^{3x+1}$

$(5^2)^{x-4} = 5^{3x+1}$   
 $5^{2x-8} = 5^{3x+1}$   
 $2x-8 = 3x+1$   
 $-x = 9$   
 $x = -9$

Practice:

2.  $8^{x-1} = 2^{x+2}$

$(2^3)^{x-1} = 2^{x+2}$   
 $2^{3x-3} = 2^{x+2}$   
 $3x-3 = x+2$   
 $2x = 5$   
 $x = 5/2$

3.  $\log_7(5-x) = \log_7 3x$

$5-x = 3x$   
 $5 = 4x$   
 $5/4 = x$  ✓

4.  $\ln(7-2x) = \ln(3x+3)$

$7-2x = 3x+3$   
 $-5x = -4$   
 $x = 4/5$  ✓

5.  $\log_2(3x-1) = 8$

$2^8 = 3x-1$   
 $256 = 3x-1$   
 $257 = 3x$   
 $257/3 = x$  ✓

6.  $\log_7(2-x) = 3$

$7^3 = 2-x$   
 $343 = 2-x$   
 $341 = -x$   
 $-341 = x$  ✓

7.  $3e^{3x} - 1 = 1$

$3e^{3x} = 2$   
 $e^{3x} = 2/3$   
 $3x = \ln(2/3)$   
 $x = \frac{\ln(2/3)}{3}$   
 $x = -0.135$  ✓

8.  $10^{2x-3} + 3 = 19$

$10^{2x-3} = 16$   
 $2x-3 = \log(16)$   
 $x = \frac{(\log(16)+3)}{2} = 2.102$  ✓

9.  $\log(x+2) = 4$

$10^4 = x+2$   
 $10^4 - 2 = x$   
 $9,998 = x$   
 ✓

10.  $\ln(x+7) = 4$

$e^4 = x+7$   
 $e^4 - 7 = x$   
 $47.598 = x$   
 ✓

11. Evaluate  $\log_4 12 = 1.792$

13. Growth or Decay?

$y = \frac{1}{4}e^x$   $e > 1 \rightarrow$  Growth

15. Expand  $\ln(3x^3y)$

$= \ln 3 + \ln x^3 + \ln y$   
 $= \ln 3 + 3 \ln x + \ln y$

12. Evaluate  $\log_5 36 = 2.227$

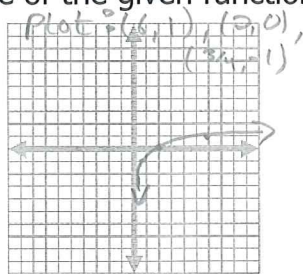
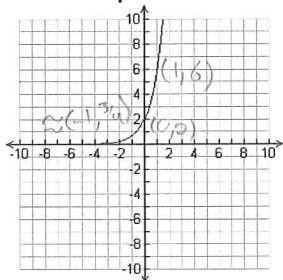
14. Growth or Decay?

$y = 2(0.875)^x$   $0 < 0.875 < 1 \rightarrow$  Decay

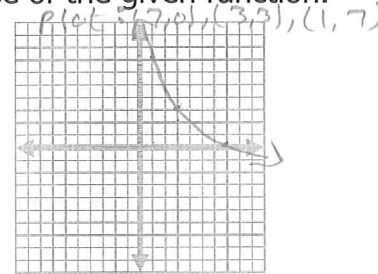
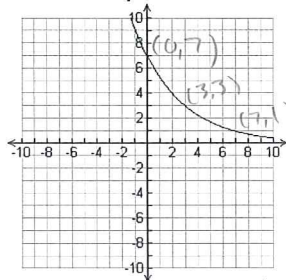
16. Expand  $\log \frac{x^2}{3}$

$= \log x^2 - \log 3$   
 $= 2 \log x - \log 3$

17. Graph the inverse of the given function.



18. Graph the inverse of the given function.



19. Write  $2^{-3} = \frac{1}{8}$  in logarithmic form.

$\log_2 \frac{1}{8} = -3$

20. Write  $3^{-5} = \frac{1}{243}$  in logarithmic form.

$\log_3 \left(\frac{1}{243}\right) = -5$

21. You deposit \$475 in an account that pays 2.5% interest compounded continuously. find the balance after 10 years of investing.

$A = 475e^{(0.025 \cdot 10)} = \$609.91$

~~$A = Pe^{rt}$~~

22. You deposit \$2,500 in an account that pays 3% interest compounded quarterly. Find the balance after 8 years of investing.

$A = 2500 \left(1 + \frac{0.03}{4}\right)^{(4 \cdot 8)}$   
 $= \$3,175.28$

~~$A = P \left(1 + \frac{r}{n}\right)^{nt}$~~

23. Alex bought a car for \$18,500. Each year the value of the car declines exponentially at a rate of 18% per year.

a. Write an exponential model for the car's value.

$y = 18,500 (1 - 0.18)^x$   
 $y = 18,500 (0.82)^x$

b. How much will the car be worth 7 years later?

$y = 18,500 (0.82)^7$   
 $= \$4,611.78$

Midterm Review – Chapter 7  
 Practice Time  
 Honors Algebra 2

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Hour \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Evaluate  $\log_3 43$  3.424

2. Expand  $\log 5x^3y^2$ .  
 $= \log 5 + \log x^3 + \log y^2$   
 $= \log 5 + 3\log x + 2\log y$

3. Expand  $\ln \frac{2x^5y^4}{z^2}$   
 $= \ln 2x^5y^4 - \ln z^2$   
 $= \ln 2 + \ln x^5 + \ln y^4 - \ln z^2$   
 $= \ln 2 + 5\ln x + 4\ln y - 2\ln z$

4. Condense  $4\log_6 x + \frac{1}{3}\log_6 64$ .  
 $= \log_6 x^4 + \log_6 (64^{1/3})$   
 $= \log_6 4x^4$

5. Solve  $2\log_6 4 - \frac{1}{3}\log_6 8 = \log_6 x$ .  
 $\log_6 4^2 - \log_6 8^{1/3} = \log_6 x$   
 $\log_6 16 - \log_6 2 = \log_6 x$   
 $\log_6 8 = \log_6 x$   
 $8 = x \checkmark$

6. Solve  $25^{x+4} = 5^{x^2-7}$ .  
 $(5^2)^{x+4} = 5^{x^2-7}$   
 $5^{2x+8} = 5^{x^2-7}$   
 $2x+8 = x^2-7$   
 $-x^2 + 2x + 15 = 0$   
 $0 = (x-5)(x+3)$   
 $x = 5, -3$

7. Solve  $\log_2 (5x - 1) = \log_2 (3x + 7)$ .

$5x - 1 = 3x + 7$   
 $2x = 8$   
 $x = 4 \checkmark$

8. Solve  $\log_4 (x + 2) + \log_4 (x - 4) = 2$ .

$\log_4 (x+2)(x-4) = 2$   
 $\log_4 (x^2 - 2x - 8) = 2$   
 $x^2 - 2x - 8 = 16$   
 $x^2 - 2x - 24 = 0$   
 $(x-6)(x+4) = 0$   
 $x = 6, -4$

9. If you deposit \$750 in an account that compounds interest continuously at a rate of 3.25%, when will you have \$1200?

$(0.0325 \cdot t)$

$1200 = 750 e$   
 $\frac{1200}{750} = \frac{750}{750} e$

$\frac{8}{5} = e^{0.0325t}$

$\frac{0.0325t}{0.0325} = \frac{\ln(\frac{8}{5})}{0.0325}$

$t \approx 14.462$  years later

10. You deposit \$1475 in a bank account. Find the balance after 3 years for the account that pays 2.75% interest compounded daily.

$$A = 1475 \left(1 + \frac{0.0275}{365}\right)^{(365 \cdot 3)}$$

$$= \$1,601.84$$

11. The tuition for one year at Eastern Michigan University is \$9,025. If tuition increases 4.25% per year, write an equation to model the situation and calculate the cost of tuition 1 year from now.

$$y = 9,025 (1 + 0.0425)^x$$

$$y = 9,025 (1.0425)^x$$

$$y = 9,025 (1.0425)^1 = \$9,408.56$$

12. Which of the following is an exponential decay function?  $0 < b < 1$

a.  $y = 2(5)^x$

b.  $y = 2e^x$

c.

$y = 2(.5)^x$

d.  $y = -2(5)^x$

13. Write  $10^{-2} = 0.01$  in logarithmic form  $\log(0.01) = -2$

14. Write  $\log_9 27 = \frac{3}{2}$  in exponential form  $9^{3/2} = 27$

15. Solve  $2 \log_2 x - \log_2 (x + 3) = 2$

$$\log_2 x^2 - \log_2 (x+3) = 2$$

$$\log_2 \frac{x^2}{x+3} = 2$$

$$\frac{x^2}{x+3} = 4$$

$$\begin{aligned} x^2 &= 4x + 12 \\ x^2 - 4x - 12 &= 0 \\ (x-6)(x+2) &= 0 \\ x &= 6, -2 \end{aligned}$$

17. Solve  $-3e^{2x} + 17 = -4$

$$-3e^{2x} = -21$$

$$e^{2x} = 7$$

$$\ln 7 = 2x$$

$$\ln(7) = 2x$$

$$\frac{\ln(7)}{2} = x$$

16. Solve  $10^{3x+1} = 27$

$$\log 27 = 3x + 1$$

$$\frac{(\log(27) - 1)}{3} = x$$

$$0.144 = x$$

18. Solve  $\ln x = 5$

$$e^5 = x$$

$$148.413 = x$$

Midterm Review – Chapter 7  
Summative Ticket - VA  
Honors Algebra 2

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Hour \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each equation. (1 pt each)

1.  $9^x = 3^{x+4}$

$$(3^2)^x = 3^{x+4}$$
$$2x = x + 4$$
$$x = 4$$

2.  $\log_3(x+5) = \log_3 5x$

$$x+5 = 5x$$
$$5 = 4x$$
$$5/4 = x$$

3.  $3 \ln x - 7 = 4$

$$3 \ln x = 11$$
$$\ln x = 11/3$$
$$x = e^{11/3}$$
$$x = 39.121$$

4.  $3^x - 4 = 6$

$$3^x = 10$$
$$\log_3 10 = x$$
$$2.096 = x$$

Midterm Review – Chapter 7  
Summative Ticket - VA  
Honors Algebra 2

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Hour \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Solve each equation. (1 pt each)

1.  $9^x = 3^{x+4}$

2.  $\log_3(x+5) = \log_3 5x$

3.  $3 \ln x - 7 = 4$

4.  $3^x - 4 = 6$

5. Expand the expression. (1 pt)

$$\log(4x^3y)$$

$$= \log 4 + \log x^3 + \log y$$

$$= \log 4 + 3\log x + \log y$$

6. Condense the expression. (1 pt)

$$2\ln 5 - 2\ln x + \ln y$$

$$= \ln 5^2 - \ln x^2 + \ln y$$

$$= \ln \frac{25}{x^2} + \ln y$$

$$= \ln \left( \frac{25y}{x^2} \right)$$

7. Julie invests \$3,000 into an account that pays 4.25% interest compounded semi-annually. How much money would be in Julie's account in 20 years?

$$A = 3000 \left( 1 + \frac{0.0425}{2} \right)^{(20 \cdot 20)}$$

$$= \$6,956.71$$

5. Expand the expression. (1 pt)

$$\log(4x^3y)$$

6. Condense the expression. (1 pt)

$$2\ln 5 - 2\ln x + \ln y$$

7. Julie invests \$3,000 into an account that pays 4.25% interest compounded semi-annually. How much money would be in Julie's account in 20 years?

Midterm Review – Chapter 7  
Summative Ticket - VB  
Honors Algebra 2

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Hour \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Expand the expression. (1 pt)  
 $\log(4x^3y)$

2. Condense the expression. (1 pt)  
 $2\ln 5 - 2\ln x + \ln y$

3. Julie invests \$3,000 into an account that pays 4.25% interest compounded semi-annually. How much money would be in Julie's account in 20 years?

Midterm Review – Chapter 7  
Summative Ticket - VB  
Honors Algebra 2

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Hour \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

1. Expand the expression. (1 pt)  
 $\log(4x^3y)$

2. Condense the expression. (1 pt)  
 $2\ln 5 - 2\ln x + \ln y$

3. Julie invests \$3,000 into an account that pays 4.25% interest compounded semi-annually. How much money would be in Julie's account in 20 years?

Solve each equation. (1 pt each)

4.  $9^x = 3^{x+4}$

5.  $\log_3(x+5) = \log_3 5x$

6.  $3 \ln x - 7 = 4$

7.  $3^x - 4 = 6$

Solve each equation. (1 pt each)

4.  $9^x = 3^{x+4}$

5.  $\log_3(x+5) = \log_3 5x$

6.  $3 \ln x - 7 = 4$

7.  $3^x - 4 = 6$